sugar to suppliers of trash. The JTC recommends that the same approach be adopted during consultations with other IPPs.

The trash commodity price will be credited by the IPP's in the Sugar Cane Sustainability Fund and distributed to all suppliers of trash by the MSS. A monitoring mechanism will be established by the MCIA. The table below summarises the proposal for the funding of the project:

Rs / KWh	Note
2.36	 To be adopted for all IPPs for cane trash energy(for collection, transport and processing)
1.00	Agreed for a maximum of Rs 24M for Alteo new power plant and other 2 IPPs subject to further consultations.

2.3 Other biomass remuneration

- 2.3.1 The JTC proposes that a simplified Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) be adopted to enable existing power plants to export excess energy to the grid. For instance, Omnicane would be able to export some 3.5 to 6 MW of firm energy to the grid.
- 2.3.2 Other biomass from cane and non-cane sources includes the following:
 - mix cane which implies same sugar yield as compared to present commercial varieties but with higher biomass yield;
 - energy cane which implies cane of lower sugar yield compared to present commercial varieties but with higher fibre yield; and
 - (iii) bamboo, Arundo Donax, eucalyptus and other woody and non-woody biomass at research and development stage.
- 2.3.3 The JTC considers that there is need to boost research on the other biomass and consultations / discussions be initiated with the stakeholders and authorities on a recommended tariff, which could be adopted to encourage investment and utilisation of other biomass on commercial scale in the near future.